

# Joint National Audit Project



# An evaluation of current UK practice for Evoked Potentials - VEP

Bryony Carr, Peter Walsh and Jeffery Holman



# **AIMS**

- Evaluation of current practice in Evoked Potential recording throughout the UK
  - To determine guidelines currently being used
  - TO SET NATIONALLY AGREED MINIMAL STANDARDS FOR VEP

## **AUDIT ON VEP PRACTICE: OVERVIEW**

- Prospective study of current UK practice
- Questionnaire sent to 83 UK departments
- 36/83 UK departments responded
- Results from a total of 673 VEPs performed over a 3m period.
- Crude data analysis
- Proposed standards and guidelines created

# FORM B

	11	V	L

### Joint National Audit Project



Post code of Local case II	
centre (please (please	Project code (Do not
complete complete)	complete – for
FORM B (VEP) Please	office use only)
complete for every patient attending for VE	P (Note: A separate form should be
completed for each modality of EP if patien	
completed for each modality of Er in patient	thas more than one;
What is the age of the patient?	T
2. What is the gender of the patient?	Male / Female
<ol><li>Before starting testing the patient is identifie</li></ol>	
the clinical information from the referral verified	
Were the results abnormal?	Yes / No
<ol><li>If abnormal, does the report make a statement</li></ol>	ent on Yes/No
any abnormality detected?	
6. What number of averages were taken?	
7. Are traces replicated?	
Are traces superimposed?	
Does the report of the investigation contain to	he Yes/No
waveforms?	
<ol><li>Does the report of the investigation contain</li></ol>	the Yes/No
numerical data?	
11. Is the professional status of the practitioner	Yes/No
performing the investigation identified?	
12. Is the professional status of the practitioner	Yes/ No
reporting the investigation identified?	
13. Is the report is signed by the practitioner ta	king Yes/No
medico-legal responsibility for it?	
14. What was the referral diagnosis	Confirmation of MS
	Diagnosis of MS
	Optic neuritis
	Optic ischaemia Visual acuity testing
	Visual field loss
	Other, please specify
	Other, please specify
15. Was any other modality of EP performed of	on this SEP lower
appointment? (circle all that apply)	SEP Upper
	BAEP
	Other (Please state)
16. Was visual acuity assessed?	Yes / No



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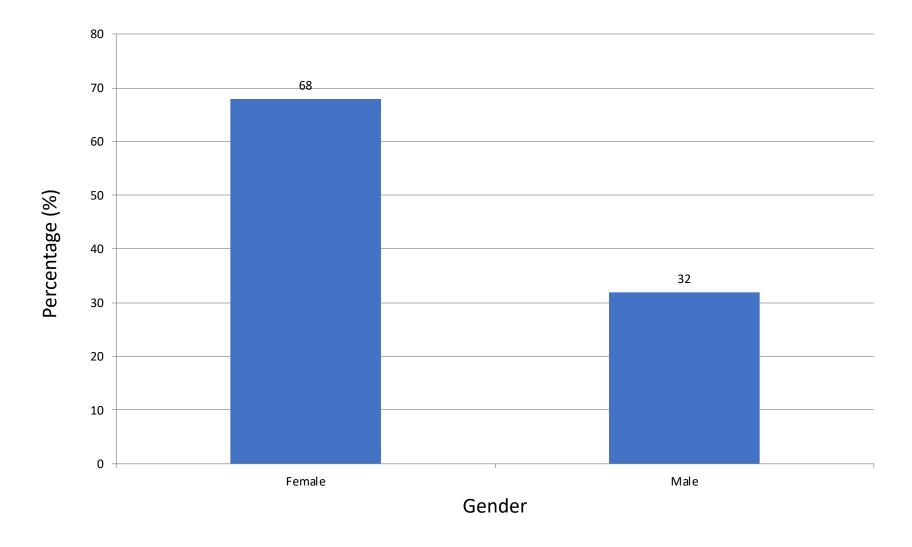


17. Does the report state whether the patient plasses for the VEP?		Yes / No	
What recording parameters were used for fu placement and write N against channels not	ıll field V used)		
18. Channel 1		Active	Reference
19. Channel 2			
20. Channel 3			
21. Channel 4			
22. Channel 5			
23. Other (please state)			
24. Were Half field VEPs recorded?	Yes / N	_	
25. If yes please give reason?	Indicate	ed by referral ed by full field VEP res - please state	ults
26. Was pattern ERG recorded?	Yes/N	-	
27. If yes, please give reason?	Indicate	ed by referral ed by full field VEP res - please state	ults
28. Was Flash VEP recorded?	Yes/N	lo	
29. If yes, please give reason?	Indicate	ed by referral ed by full field VEP res - please state	ults
30. Was Flash ERG recorded?	Yes / N	lo .	
31. If yes please give reason?	Indicate	ed by referral ed by full field VEP res - please state	ults

# PATIENT DEMOGRAPHICS

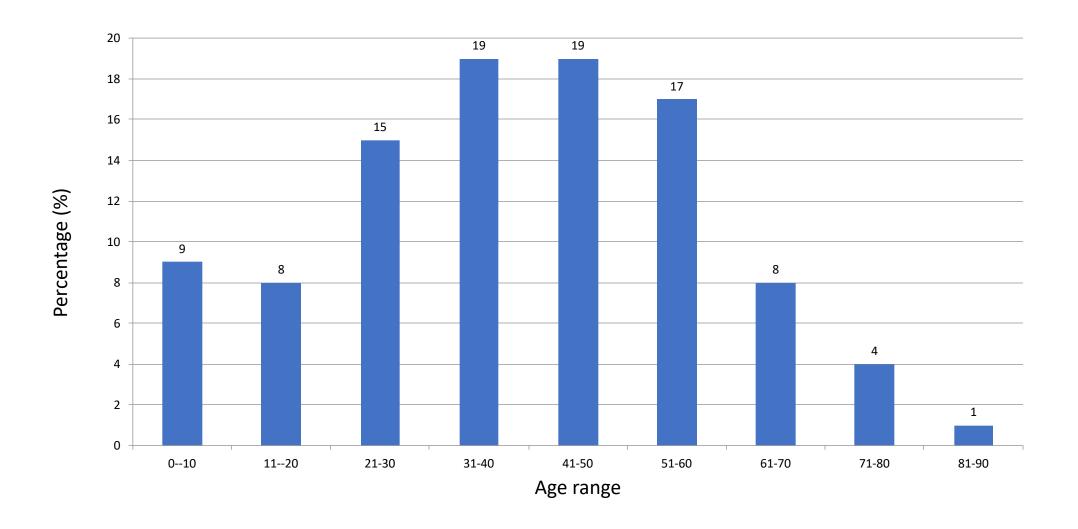


# **GENDER DISTRIBUTION**

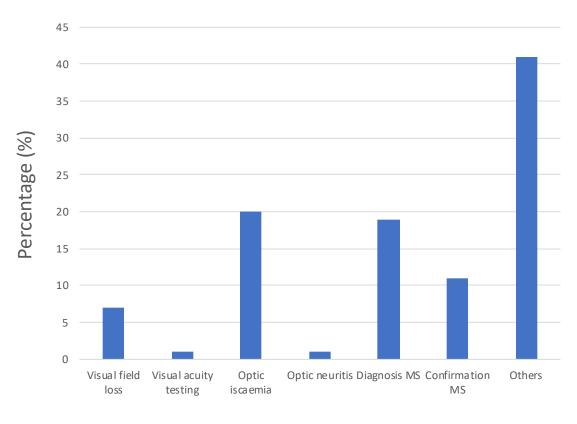




# DISTRIBUTION BY AGE



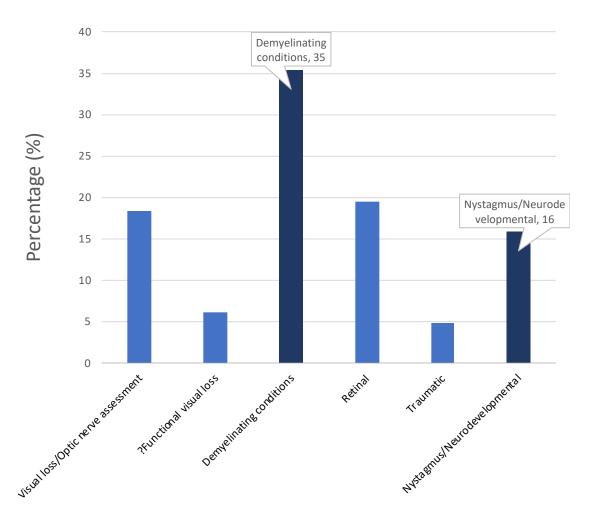




Referral reason



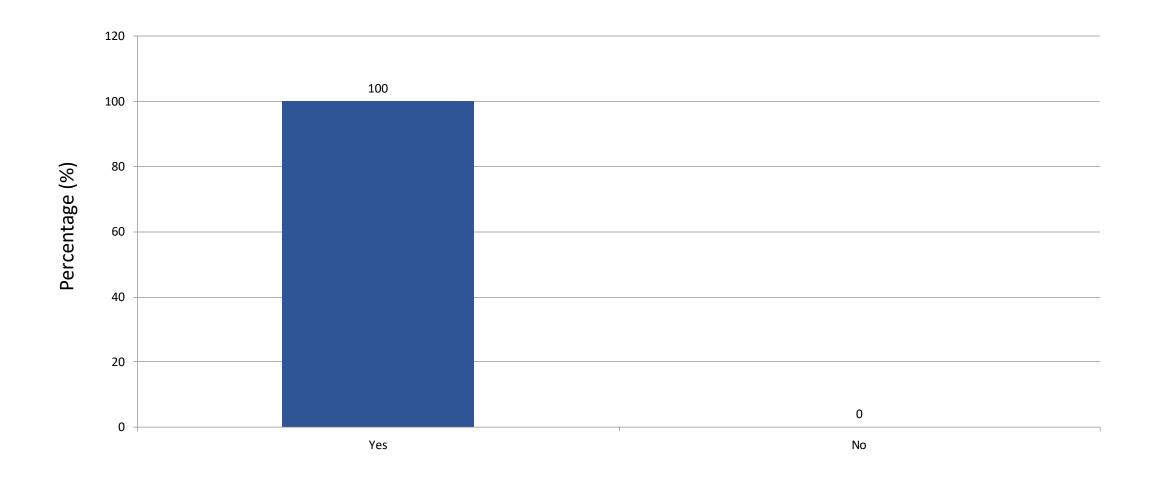
### Other referral reason



# PRE-TESTING INFORMATION

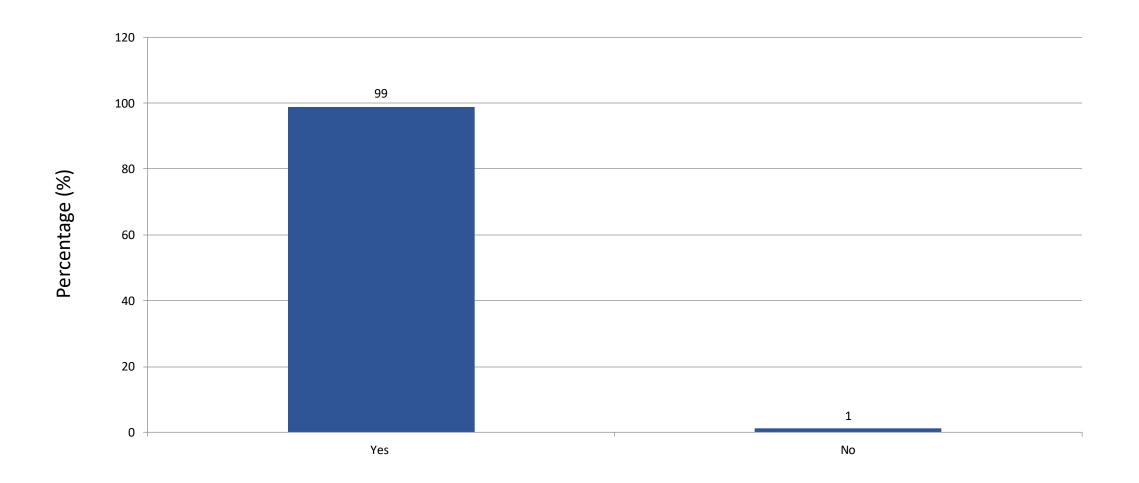


# PATIENT IDENTIFICATION AND CLINICAL INFORMATION VERIFIED?



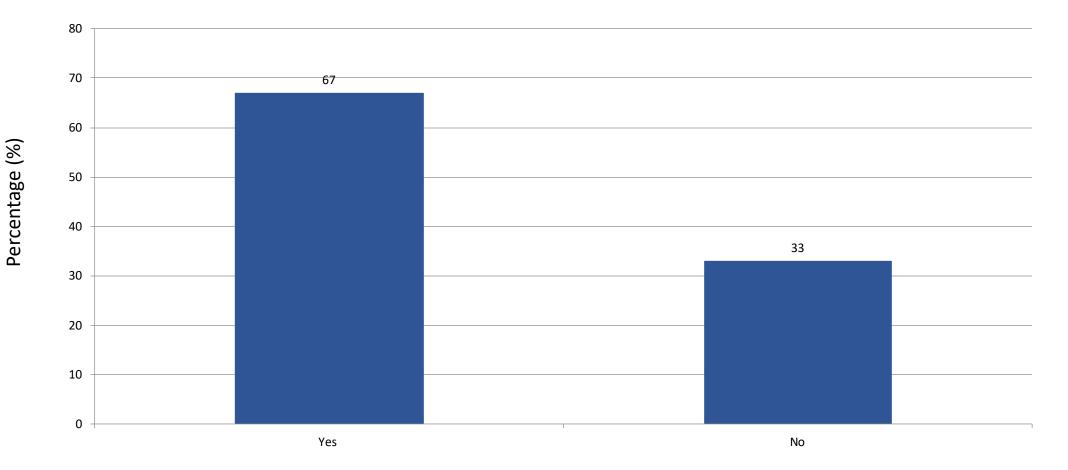


# WAS VISUAL ACUITY ASSESSED?





# DOES THE REPORT STATE THAT GLASSES WERE WORN?



### PREVALENT PRACTICE AND RECOMMENDATION 1

Before commencing the test, the patient is identified and the clinical information from the referral verified.

### PREVALENT PRACTICE AND RECOMMENDATION 2

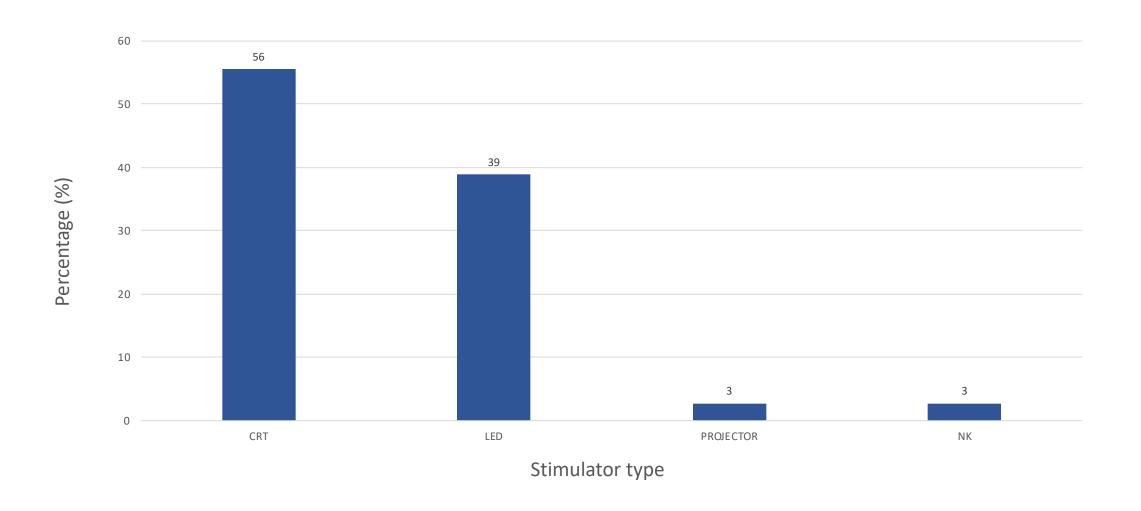
The report should document patient visual acuity and if corrective lenses were worn or not.

Patient state should be included to indicate cooperation level and behavioural/ophthalmic/neurological cause for poor fixation i.e. nystagmus, poor acuity etc.

# **TECHNICAL ASPECTS**

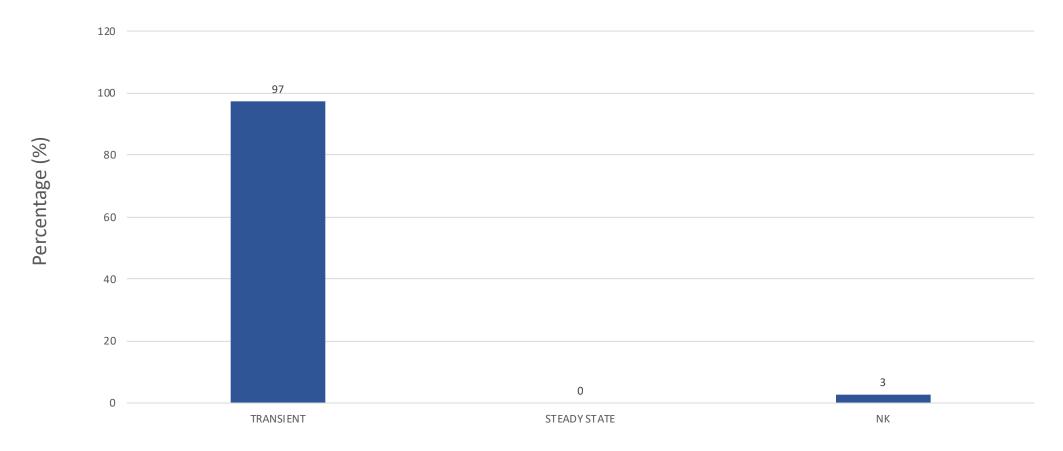


# DISPLAY TYPE OF STIMULATOR USED?





# STIMULATION FREQUENCY CHARACTERISTICS?





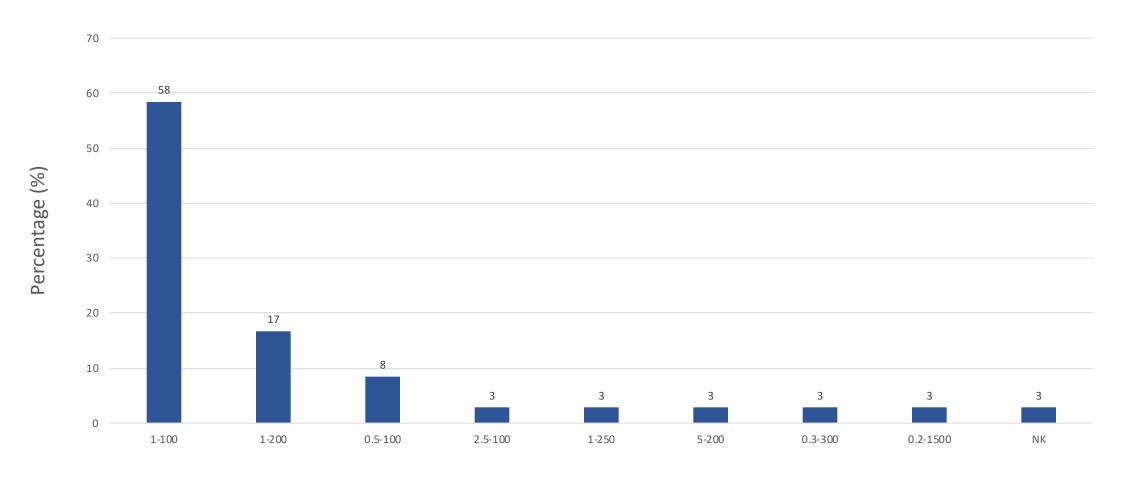
# **CURRENT ISCEV STANDARDS**

Table 1 ISCEV standard for VEP assessment

(a) Standard stimuli									
Stimulus type	Field size (minimum)	Presentation	Stimulus	Mean lun (cd · m <sup>-2</sup>		Michaelson contrast (%)	Pres	entation rate	
Pattern reversal	15°	Monocular	Check widths: 1° (0.8°-1.2°); 0.25° (0.2°-0.3°)	50 (40–6)	0)	≥80		2 (1.8–2.2) reversals/s	
Pattern onset/offset	15°	Monocular	Check widths: 1° (0.8°-1.2°); 0.25° (0.2°-0.3°)	50 (40–6)	0)	≥80	(1.4	Hz. -1.67 Hz) (200 ms ; ≥ 400 ms off)	
Flash stimulation	≥20°	Monocular	Flash $\geq 20^{\circ}$	3 cd · s · m <sup>-2</sup> (2.7–3.4)		-2 -		1 (0.9-1.1) Hz	
(b) Standard recording	ng								
	Electrode	montage (intern	national 10/20 char	inel system)	Filters	(-3 dB)			
	Active	(	Common reference		Low f	req High f	req	Sweeps averaged	
Pattern stimulation	Oz	1	Fz		≤1	≥100		≥50	
Flash stimulation	Oz	1	Fz		≤1	≥100		≥50	



# SIGNAL ACQUISITION/DISPLAY: LFF-HFF





# **CURRENT ISCEV STANDARDS**

Table 1 ISCEV standard for VEP assessment

(a) Standard stimuli							
Stimulus type	Field size (minimum)	Presentation	Stimulus	Mean lun (cd · m <sup>-2</sup>		Michaelson contrast (%)	Presentation rate
Pattern reversal	15°	Monocular	Check widths: 1° (0.8°-1.2°); 0.25° (0.2°-0.3°)	50 (40–60	))	≥80	2 (1.8-2.2) reversals/s
Pattern onset/offset	15°	Monocular	Check widths: 1° (0.8°-1.2°); 0.25° (0.2°-0.3°)	50 (40–60	0)	≥80	1.67 Hz. (1.4–1.67 Hz) (200 ms on; ≥ 400 ms off)
Flash stimulation	≥20°	Monocular	Flash $\geq 20^{\circ}$	3 cd · s · (2.7–3.4		-	1 (0.9-1.1) Hz
(b) Standard recording	ng						
	Electrode	montage (intern	national 10/20 channe	l system)	Filter	s (-3 dB)	
	Active	(	Common reference	/	Low	freq High f	req Sweeps averaged
Pattern stimulation Flash stimulation	Oz Oz		Fz Fz		≤1 ≤1	≥100 ≥100	≥50 ≥50
				\			/ —



### **RECOMMENDATION 3**

Ensure the EP recording machine is set up to adequately record the investigated evoked potential.

### **VEP Machine settings**

• Luminance 40-60cd.m<sup>-2</sup>

• Contrast Michelson contrast<sup>2</sup> ≥80%

Reversal rate
2.0±0.2 reversals per second

• Filters (LFF – HFF) ≤1Hz - ≥100Hz

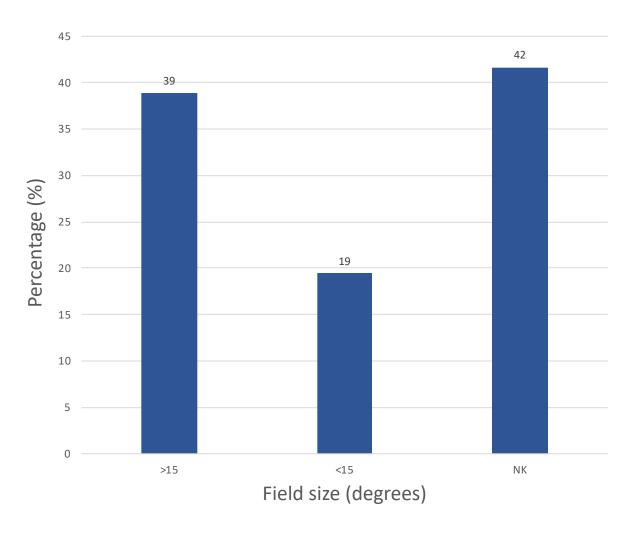
Memory time base 500ms

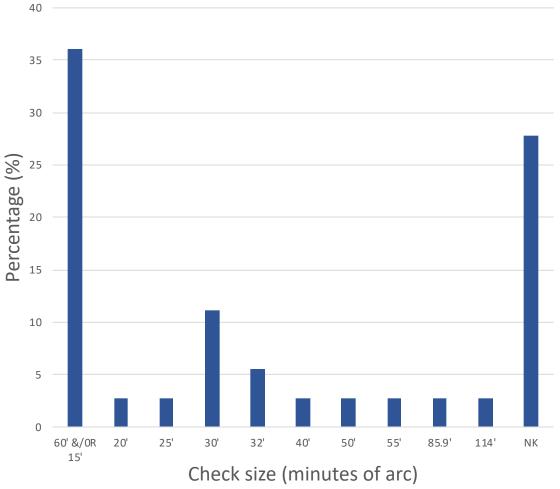
Interpretation should be based on stimulator adjusted normative data

# STIMULUS FEATURES



# FIELD AND CHECK SIZE







# **CURRENT ISCEV/IFCN GUIDELINES**

Table 1 ISCEV standard for VEP assessment

(a) Standard stimuli						
Stimulus type	Field size (minimum)	Presentation	Stimulus	Mean luminance (cd · m <sup>-2</sup> )	Michaelson contrast (%)	Presentation rate
Pattern reversal	15°	Monocular	Check widths: 1° (0.8°-1.2°); 0.25° (0.2°-0.3°)	50 (40–60)	≥80	2 (1.8-2.2) reversals/s
Pattern onset/offset	15°	Monocular	Check widths: 1° (0.8°-1.2°); 0.25° (0.2°-0.3°)	50 (40–60)	≥80	1.67 Hz. (1.4–1.67 Hz) (200 ms on; ≥ 400 ms off)

### **IFCN**

Suggest mid-size fields (24-32°)

Recommend the use of more than one check and/or field size

### **RECOMMENDATION 4**

It is recommended to perform monocular stimulation using a field size of ≥15° and using check sizes of 60′ and 15′ for stimulation of both peripheral and central vision, particularly when visual acuity assessment has not been performed or is questionable.

### Guideline

If clinical information suggestive of poor PRVEP compliance then additional/alternative VEP stimulation should be considered.

### Guideline

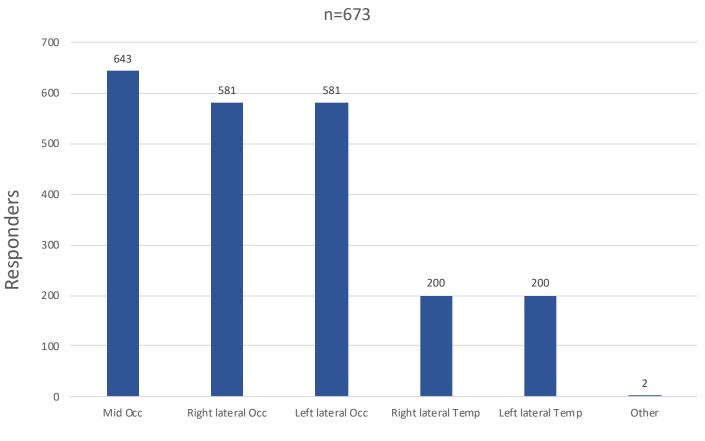
If testing is limited or when stimulation at 15' is difficult, consider a 30' check size.

### Guideline

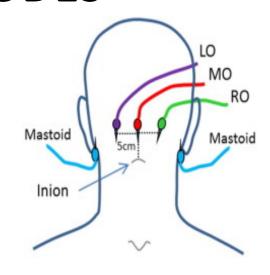
Consider binocular stimulation or stimulation with larger check sizes if compliance or acuity is limited

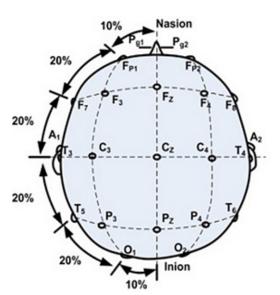


# POSITIONING OF RECORDING ELECTRODES



Electrode position





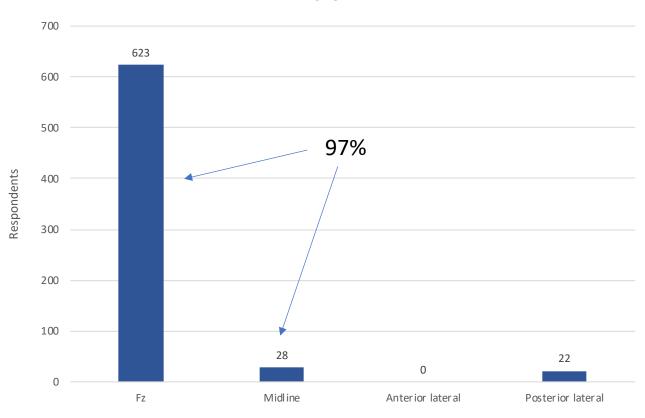




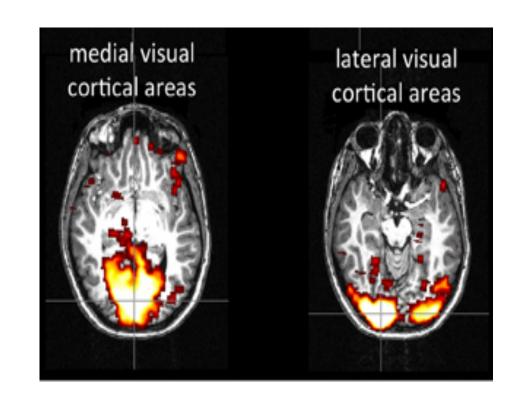


# CORTICAL REFERENCE SITE





Reference site



## CURRENT ELECTRODE GUIDELINES

(b) Standard r	recording							
		Electrode mon	tage (international 10/20 channel system	nternational 10/20 channel system)		Filters (-3 dB)		
		Active	Common reference		Low freq	High freq	Sweeps averaged	
Pattern stimul	lation	Oz	Fz		≤1	≥100	≥50	
Flash stimula	tion	Oz	Fz		≤1	≥100	≥50	

Recording montage. At least four channels should be recorded. In routine testing, the following montage and derivations are recommended (Fig. 1):

Channel 1: Left occipital to midfrontal = LO-MF

Channel 2: Midoccipital to midfrontal = MO-MF

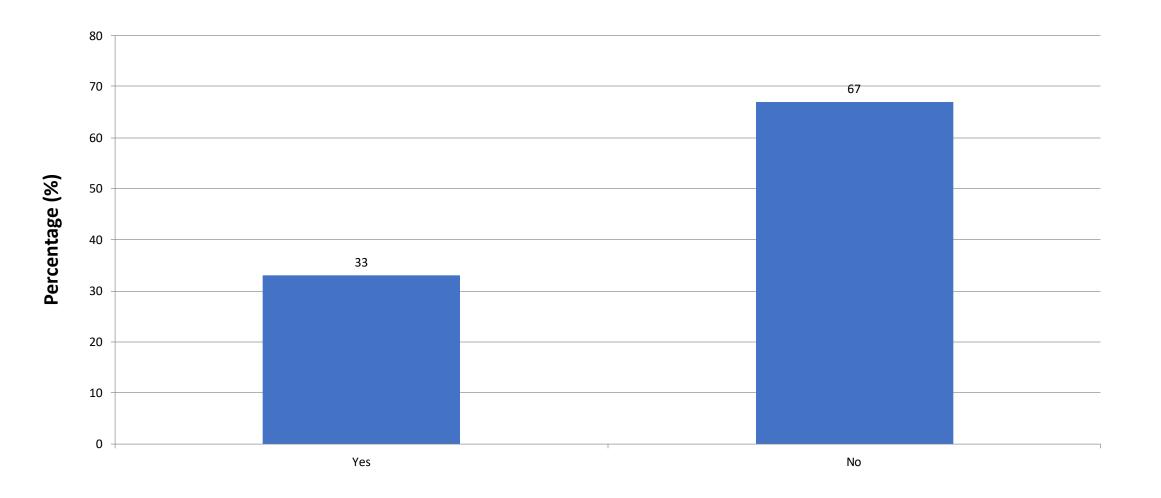
Channel 3: Right occipital to midfrontal = RO-MF

Channel 4: Midfrontal to ear/mastoid = MF-Al

Use Queens Square measurement system as lateral electrodes placed further from midline



# PATTERN ERG RECORDED?



### **RECOMMENDATION 5**

A minimum of 3 channels are recorded as a standard for monocular stimulation;

These should be referenced to a common Fz reference

For standardisation of results it is suggested that electrode placements of Fz, O2, Oz and O1 follow the international 10:20 electrode placement system.

### Guideline

Recording a simultaneous pattern ERG response can give objective evidence that fixation is maintained and can improve diagnostic accuracy.

In the presence of an abnormal VEP, a bilateral PERG could be recorded to delineate retinal from optic pathway dysfunction

### Guideline

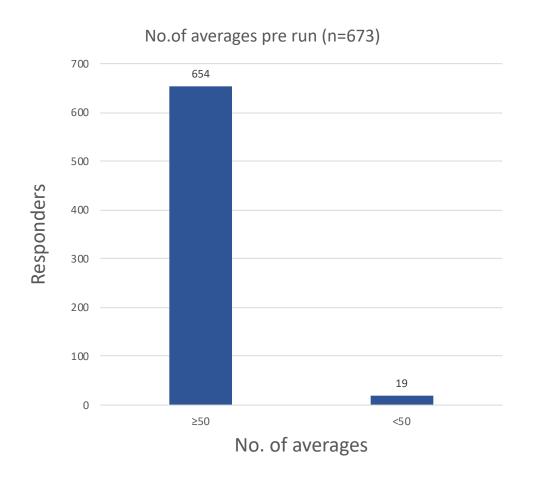
Additional cortical channels may be utilised to identify interhemispheric differences i.e. crossed asymmetry.

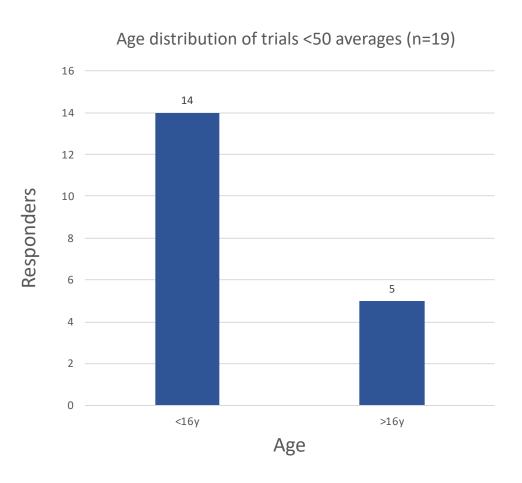
### Guideline

Consider differential (ipsilateral) referencing position if concerns regarding paradoxical lateralisation.



# AVERAGING (NUMBER OF TRIALS PER RUN)





# **CURRENT GUIDELINES - AVERAGING**

	Electrode monta	Filters (-3 dB)			
	Active	Common reference	Low freq	High free	Sweeps averaged
Pattern stimulation	Oz	Fz	≤1	≥100	≥50
Flash stimulation	Oz	Fz	≤1	≥100	≥50

### **RECOMMENDATION 6**

≥50 individual trials are averaged to record reliable cortical P100 potentials. At least 2 averages should be recorded to verify reproducibility of waveforms

### Guideline

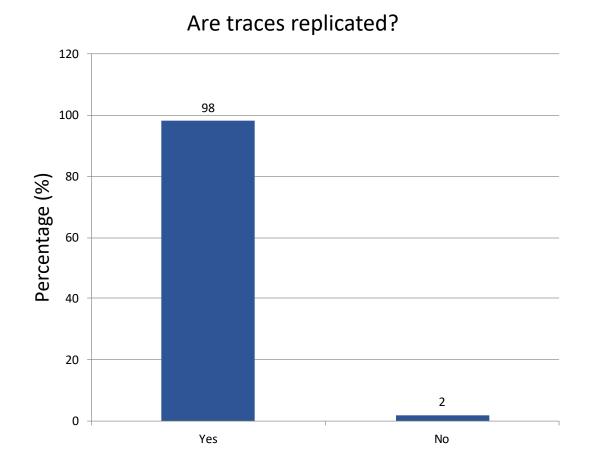
If compliance is limited a reduced average number may be considered as long as responses are reproduced.

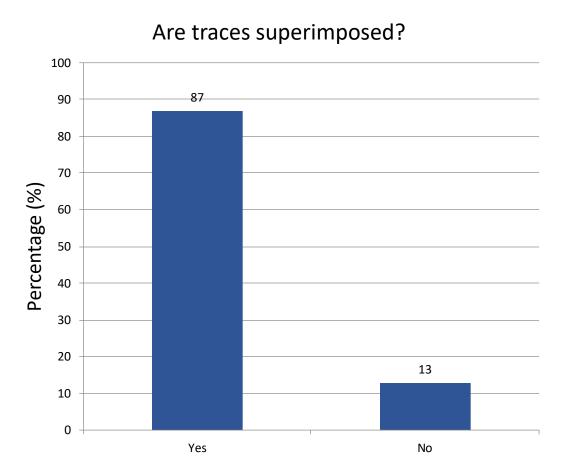
### Guideline

If waveforms are poorly reproducible then consider averaging >100 with regular breaks to maximise compliance.



# REPLICATION AND SUPERIMPOSITION





### **RECOMMENDATION 7**

The evoked potential waveforms are replicated to demonstrate the consistency of the latency and morphology of the component measured. Variability in latency values should be within 0.5-1% of the total sweep time and amplitude reproducibility should be within 15-20%.

Guideline

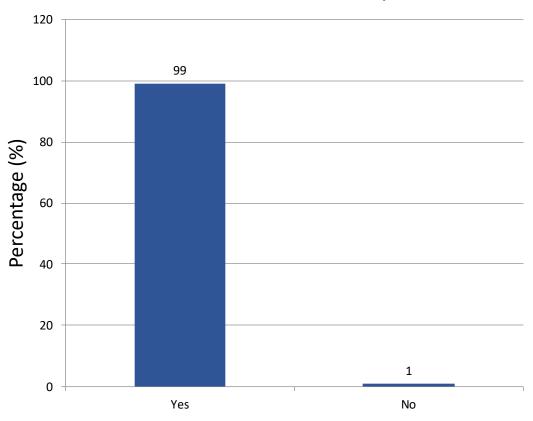
Averaged traces are superimposed

# REPORTING

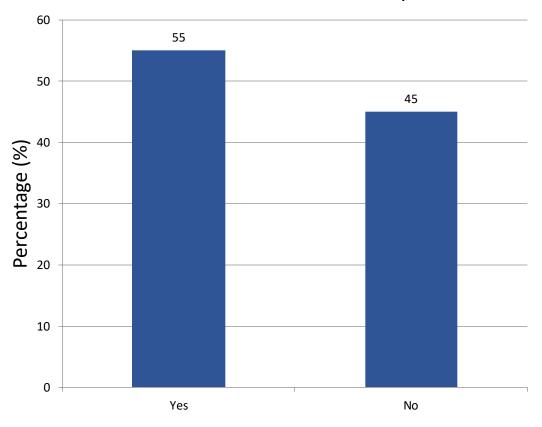


# DATA INCLUDED IN THE REPORTS

### Is the numerical data in the report?

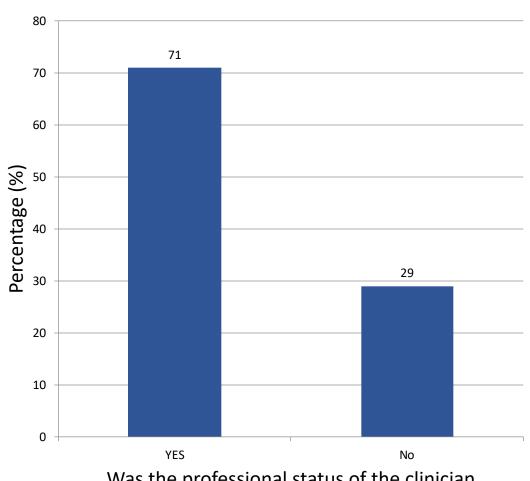


### Are waveforms included in the report?

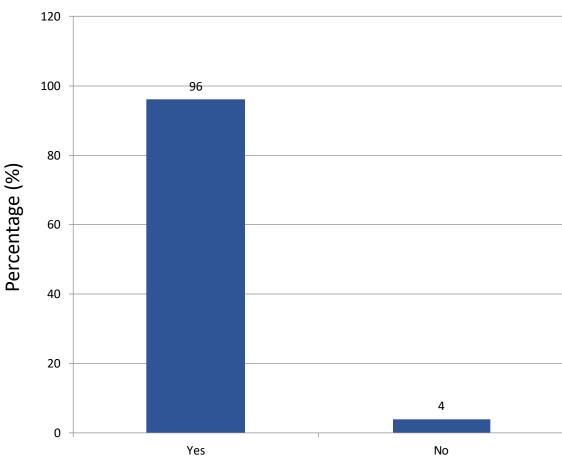




# **CLINICAL ACCOUNTABILITY**



Was the professional status of the clinician PERFORMING the test stated?



Was the professional status of the clinician REPORTING the test stated?

### **RECOMMENDATION 8**

The report of the investigation contains the numerical data.

It makes a statement on any abnormality detected.

The professional status of the clinician performing the investigation and report is identified.

### Guideline

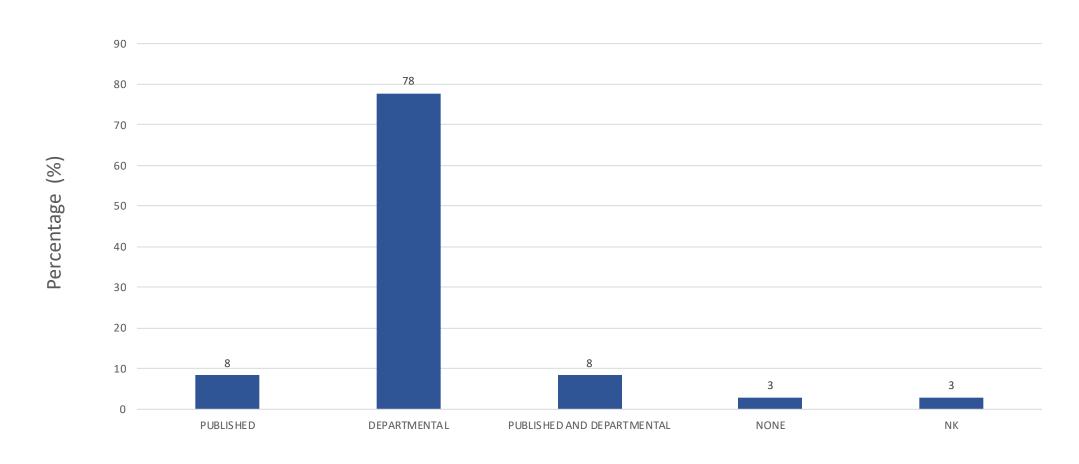
The report contains illustrations of recorded waveforms

### Guideline

The report contains normative values



# NORMATIVE DATA



Type of normative data used

### **RECOMMENDATION 9**

Data should be reported using locally-adopted matched normative data from either a local or published data set.

If using published values, an audit should be performed to assess whether stimulator and testing characteristics are comparable to those used in the normative study.

### **RECOMMENDATION 10**

The report is signed by the clinician taking medico-legal responsibility for it.

# RECOMMENDED STANDARDS



### STANDARD 1

Before commencing the test, the patient is identified and the clinical information from the referral verified.

### STANDARD 2

The report should document patient visual acuity and if corrective lenses were worn or not.

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Ensure the EP recording machine is set up to adequately record the investigated evoked potential.

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Contrast Michelson contrast² ≥80% Reversal rate 2.0±0.2 reversals per second

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Averaged traces are superimposed

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The professional status of the clinician performing the investigation and report is identified.

### Guideline

The report contains illustrations of recorded waveforms *Guideline* 

The report contains normative values

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