UK Practice for the Electrodiagnosis of MND

Results

Mark Baker Stephan Jaiser

Design

- Form A
 - Practice parameters for individual doctors
 - One per doctor, potentially multiple per centre

- Form B
 - Individual clinical cases

Form A

Individual Practice



Postcode of Centre

Joint National Audit Project



FORM A: Please complete once for each Clinical Neurophysiologist

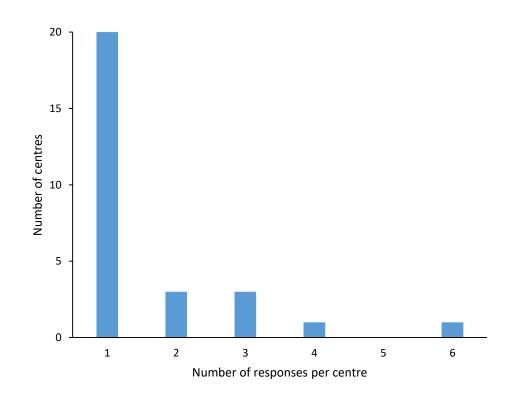
(Please complete)	
Approximately how many referrals with provisional diagnosis of MND do you receive at your centre per year?	
What is the allocated appointment time for a patient referred with a provisional	
diagnosis of MND? (minutes)	
3.Do you use published guidelines for the electrodiagnosis of MND?	Yes / No
4. If so please give reference(s)	
Do you use a local protocol for the electrodiagnosis of MND?	Yes / No
6. If so please attach copy	Attached / not applicable
7. Have you performed a local or regional audit on the electrodiagnosis of MND?	Yes / No
8. If so please provide a summary and main recommendations.	
When patient referred with suspected MND; does needle EMG include routinely?	
Muscle sampling in 4 body regions (i.e. cervical, thoracic, lumbo-sacral and bulbar)?	Yes/ No
- At least 2 muscles in each body region?	Yes/ No
- Muscles sampling on one side of the body in 4 body regions?	Yes/ No
- Muscles sampling on two sides of the body in 4 body regions?	

10. Name the most common 2-3 muscles	sampled in the bulbar region?		
11. Name the most common 2-3 muscles	sampled in the cervical region	?	
12. Name the most common 2-3 muscles	sampled in the thoracic region	?	
13. Name the most common 2-3 muscles	sampled in the lumbosacral re	gion?	
14. Does needle EMG examination include (amplitude, duration, firing rate, stability)		ters	Yes/ No
15. Please state the number of muscles tested in each region when patient presents with <u>fasciculations and no evidence of denervation</u> is found on needle EMG. (If no muscles tested put 0)	Region Cervical Lumbosacral	Number of r tested	nuscles
	Thoracic Bulbar		
16. Please state the number of muscles tested in each region when patient	Region	Number of r tested	nuscles
presents with fasciculations and denervation is found on needle EMG. (If no muscles tested put 0)	Cervical Lumbosacral		
	Thoracic Bulbar		
17. Please state the number of muscles	Region	Number of r	nuscles
tested in each region when patient presents with <u>weakness in one body</u> region (e.g. unilateral foot drop) (If no muscles tested put 0)	Cervical Lumbosacral		
	Thoracic Bulbar		

18. Please state the number of muscles	Region	Number of r tested	nuscles
tested in each region when patient presents with <u>weakness in two body</u> regions (cervical and lumbosacral)	Cervical		
(If no muscles tested put 0)	Lumbosacral		
	Thoracic		
	Bulbar		
19. Please state the muscles tested in	Region	Number of r tested	nuscles
each region when patient presents with bulbar symptoms only.	Cervical		
(If no muscles tested put 0)	Lumbosacral		
	Thoracic		
	Bulbar		
20. Do you perform needle EMG if patient	is taking		
- Warfarin			Yes/ No
- Oral anticoagulants (excluding as	pirin)		Yes/ No
21. Do you perform other neurophysiologi	cal tests		
NCS routinely			Yes/ No
Segmental/proximal motor studies (for as			Yes/ No
If yes, please state the reason for doing this test:			Yes/ No
Repetitive nerve stimulation: If yes, pleas	e state the reason for doing this to	est:	Yes/ No
		Yes/ No	
Motor unit number estimation (MUNE): If yes, please state the reason for doing this test:		Yes/ No	
Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation: If yes	, please state the reason for doing	this test:	Yes/No
Others – If yes, please state			Yes/No
• •			
22. Do you perform a follow up study routi	nely?		Yes/ No
If yes- Do you specify a recommended t			

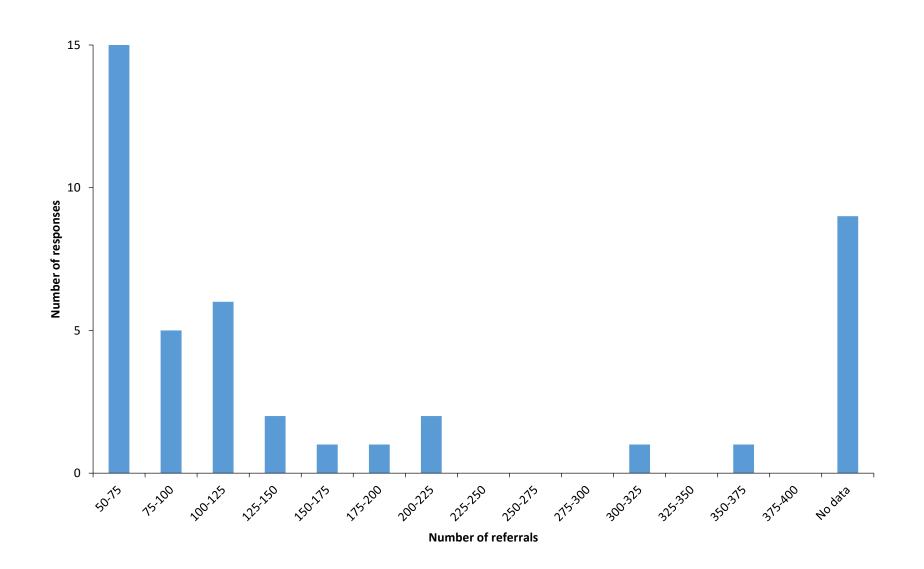
General

- Number of doctors 45
- Number of centres 28





Number of referrals

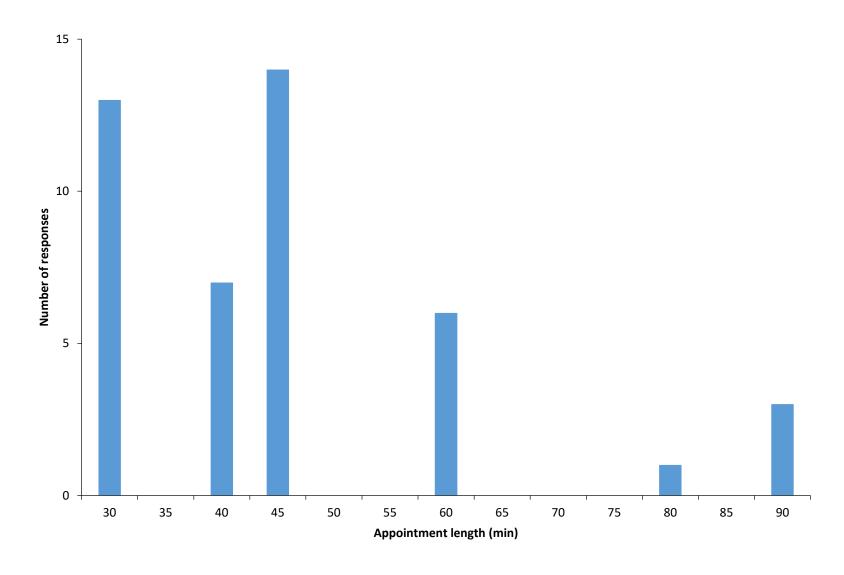


Number of referrals

• Centres with multiple responses

Responses per centre	Number of referrals
2	10-120
2	30
2	30
2	36-75
2	40-45
3	96
3	170-350
6	30

Appointment length



Appointment length

Centres with multiple responses

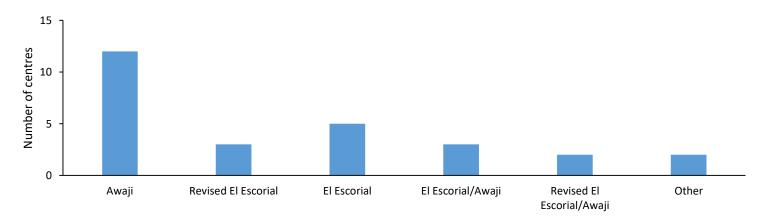
Responses per centre	Appointment length (min)
2	30
2	30-45
2	40-60
2	80-90
2	90
3	40-45
3	45
6	30-45

Guidelines

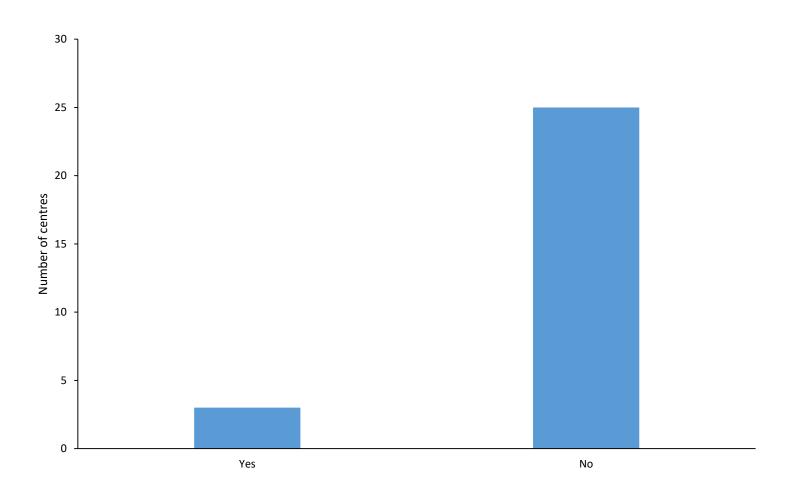
• In use?



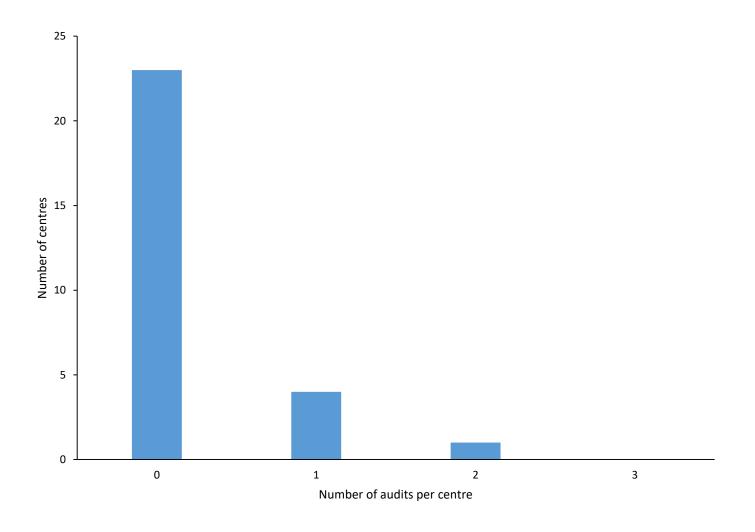
• Which ones?



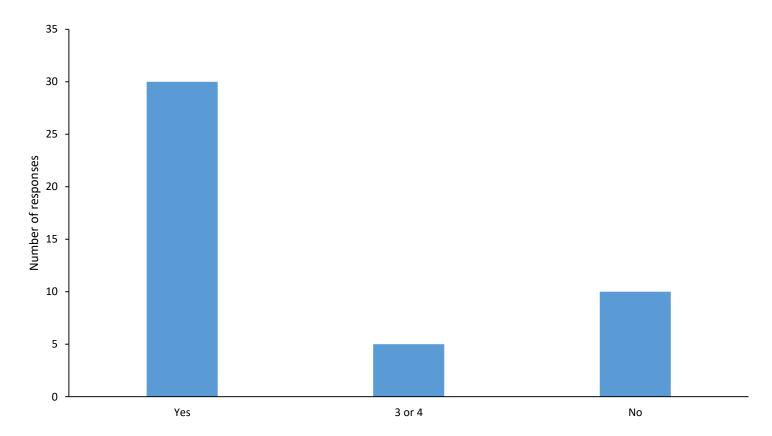
Local protocol



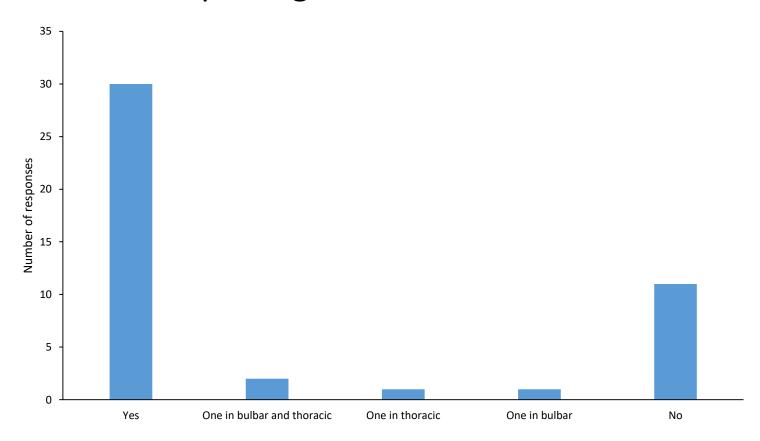
Local audit



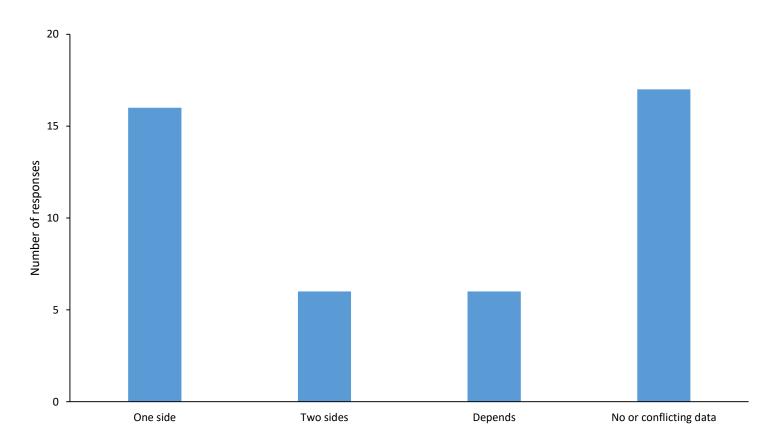
• Four regions studied?



• Two muscles per region?

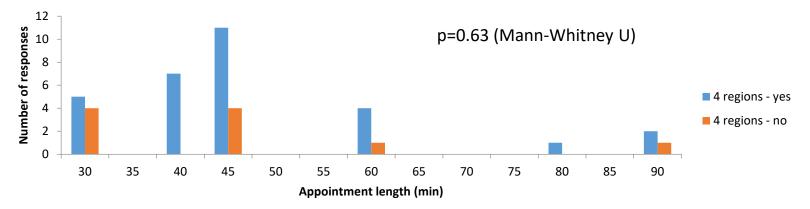


• One or two sides?

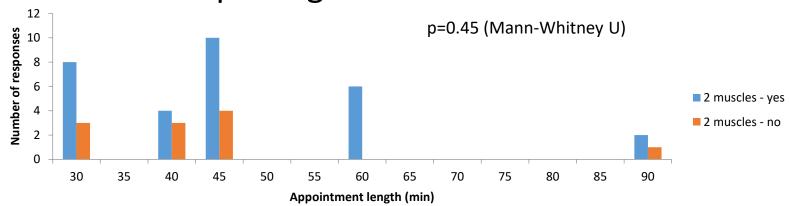


EMG study vs appointment length

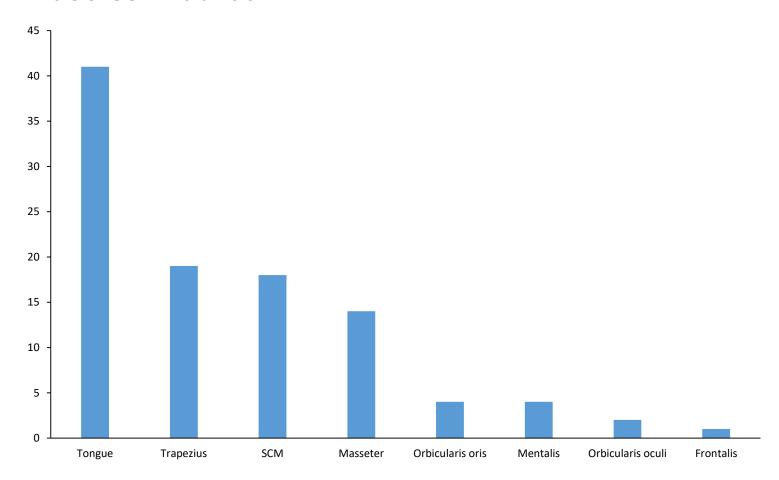
Four regions studied?



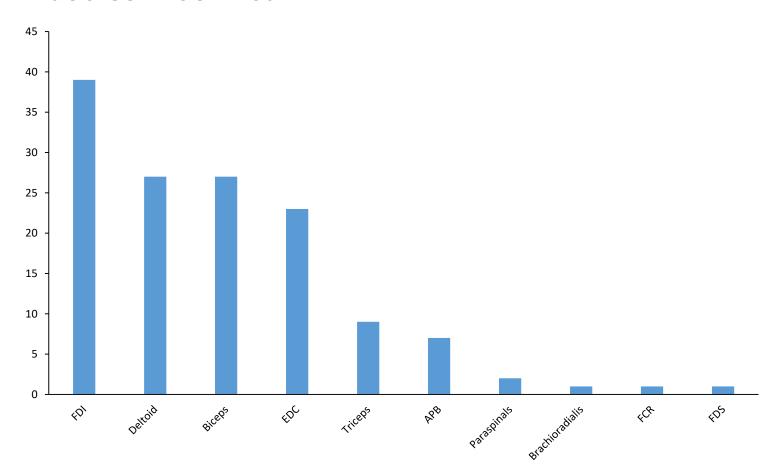
Two muscles per region?



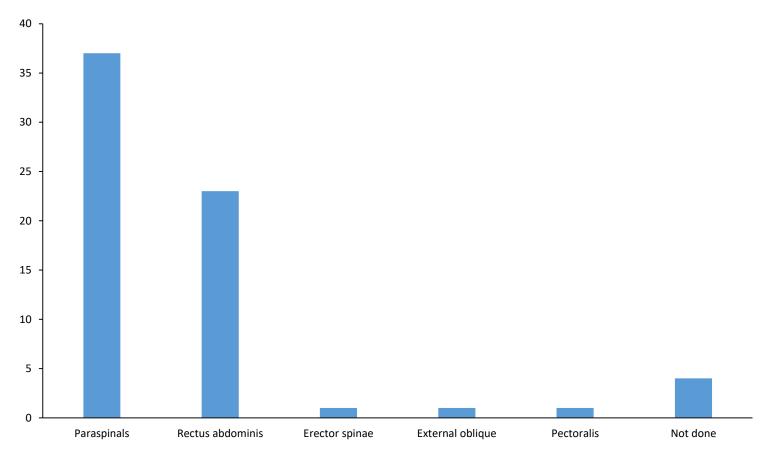
• Muscles – bulbar



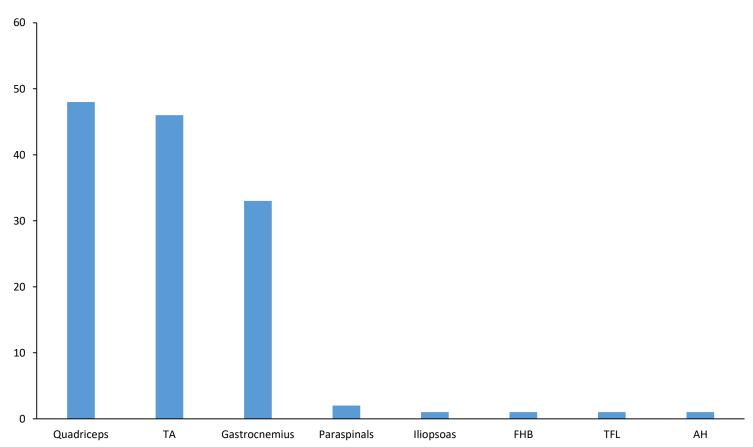
• Muscles – cervical



• Muscles – thoracic

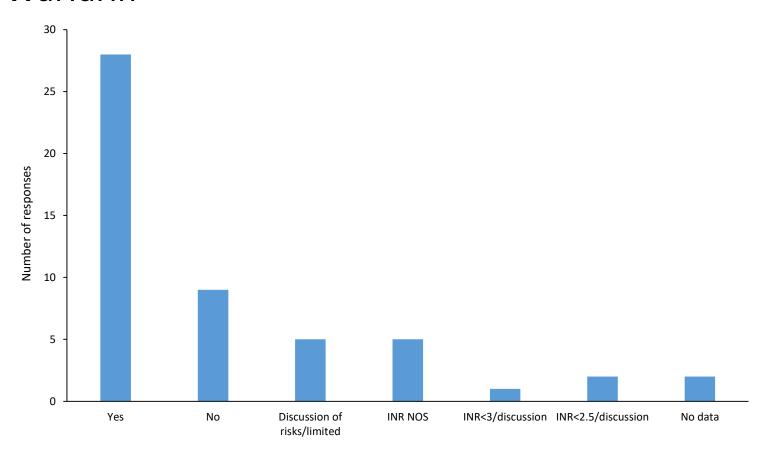


• Muscles – lumbosacral



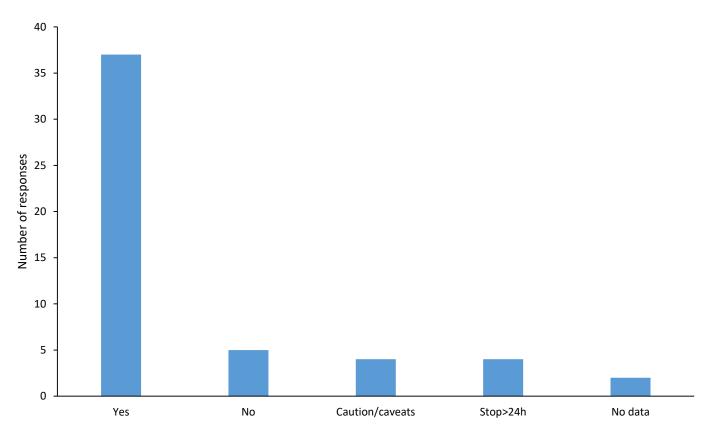
EMG on anticoagulation

• Warfarin

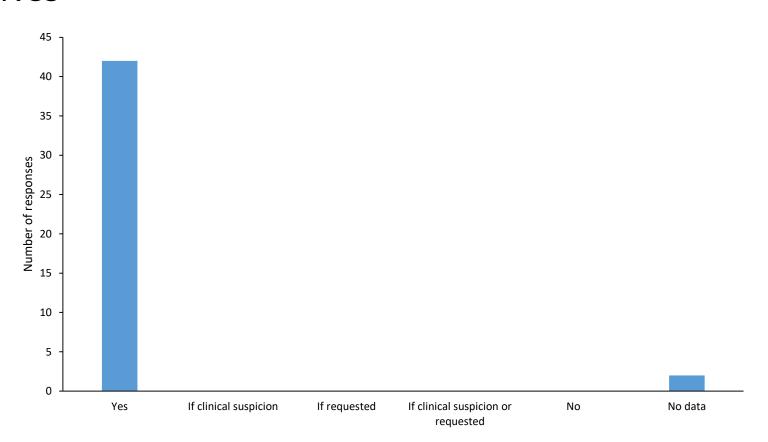


EMG on anticoagulation

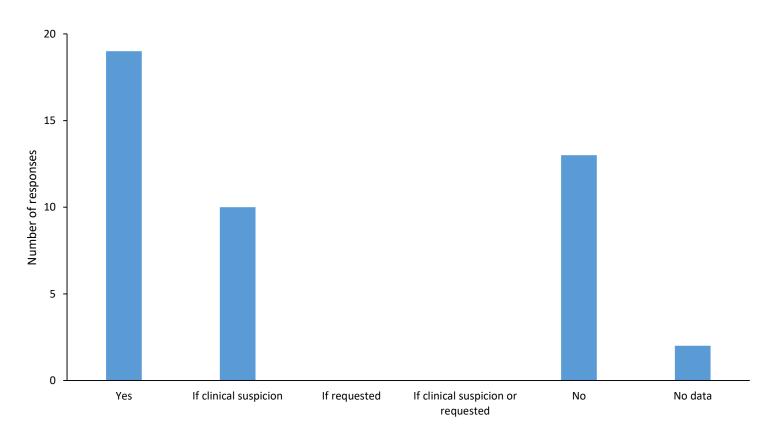
• NOACs



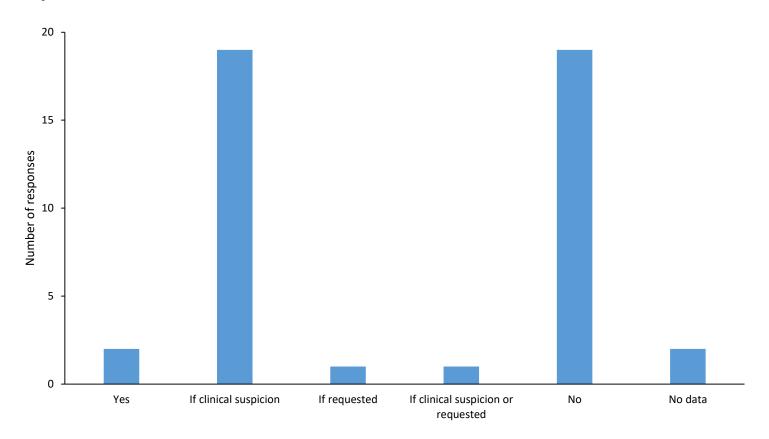
NCS



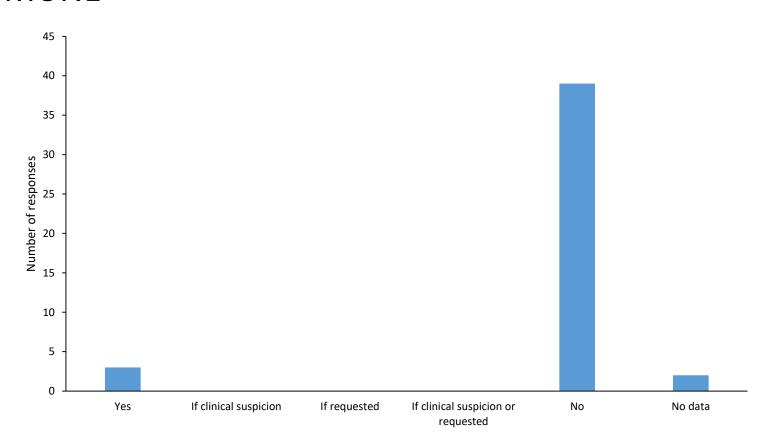
Segmental/proximal studies



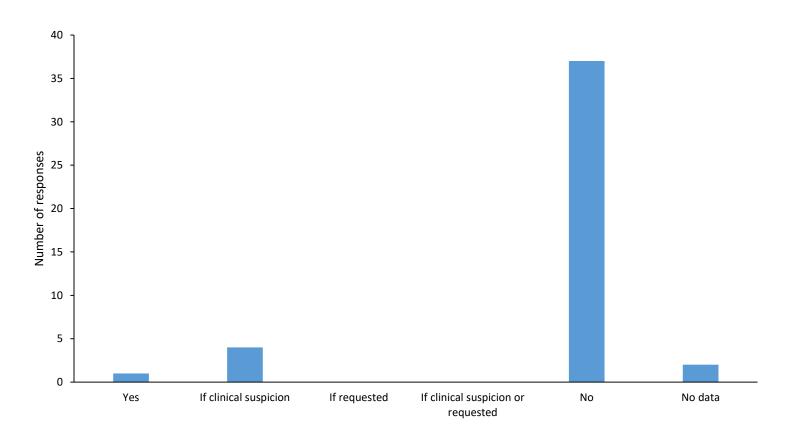
Repetitive nerve stimulation



MUNE



• TMS



•	0	†	h	e	r

•	Turns/amp	litude ar	nd MUP	1	L
•	USS for fas	cics/MN	1N	2)

Form B

Individual Referrals





FORM B: Please complete for 5 consecutive patients referred with a provisional diagnosis of Pure Motor Syndrome, MND or Anterior Horn Cell disease. Please complete for 5 patients for each clinical neurophysiologist within the department.

Postcode of Centre	
(Please complete)	
Project code	
(Please leave blank- for office use only)	

Referral diagnosis? (circle)	MND	
	Other differential – please state	
Speciality of referring clinician? (circle)	Neurologist General Physician Rheumatologist Other – please state	
3. Time from referral to appointment? (days)		
Please state the number of muscles tested in each region. (If no muscles tested put 0)	Region Right Cervical Left Cervical Right Lumbosacral Left Lumbosacral Right Thoracic Left Thoracic Right Bulbar Left Bulbar	Number of muscles tested
Please state whether fibrillations/positive sharp waves/ fasciculations were present (Y/N) (please circle)	Right Cervical Left Cervical Right Lumbosacral Left Lumbosacral Right Thoracic Left Thoracic Right Bulbar Left Bulbar	Yes / No Yes / No

Please state whether chronic neurogenic denervation/reinnervation changes were present (Y/N) (please circle)	Right Cervical Left Cervical Right Lumbosacral Left Lumbosacral Right Thoracic Left Thoracic Right Bulbar Left Bulbar	Yes / No Yes / No
7. Studies performed on this patient apart from EMG	NCS	Yes / No
	Proximal motor studies (for assessment of MFMNCB)	Yes / No
	Repetitive Stimulation	Yes / No
	MUNE	Yes / No
	Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation	Yes / No
	Other – If yes, please state	Yes / No
8. Was patient anticoagulated?	Yes / No	
9. If Yes: did you perform needle EMG?	Yes / No	
10. Follow up/repeat studies recommended by Clinical Neurophysiologist? If yes, please give reason (s)	Yes / No	
Summary of findings	1	

General

• Number of centres 31

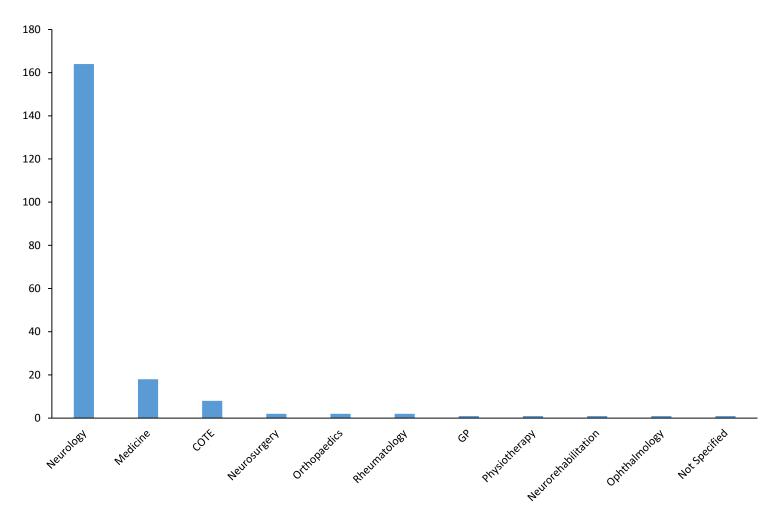
Time from referral (days)

• Range 0-150

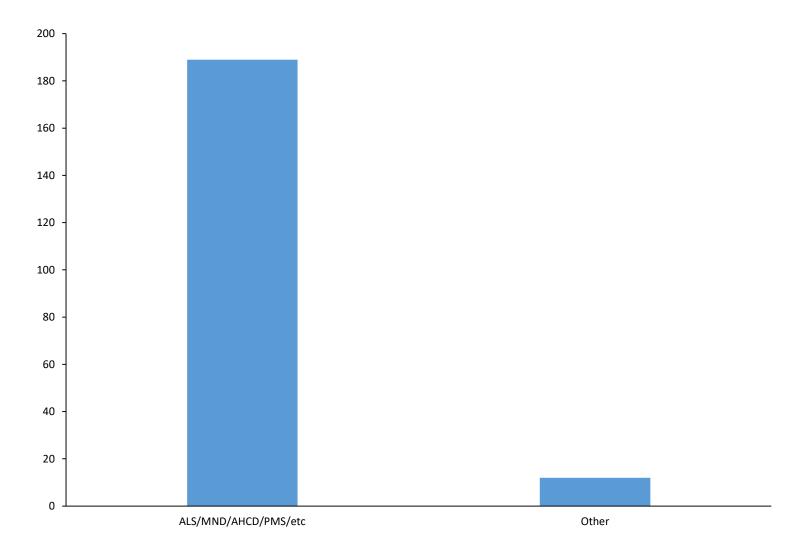
• Mean 23.2

• Median 20

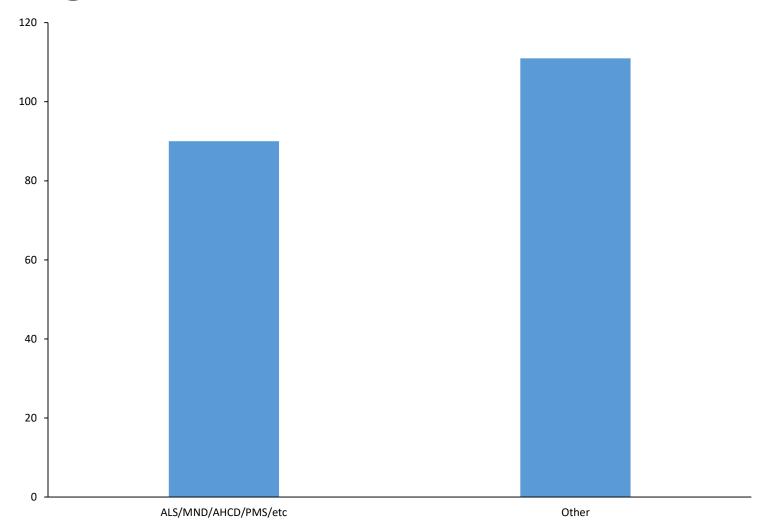
Referring speciality



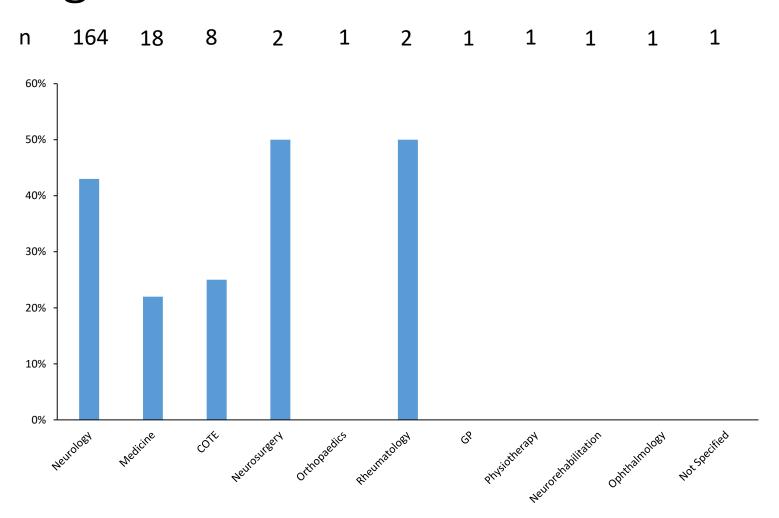
Referral indication



Diagnosis made



Accuracy of initial clinical diagnosis



Repeat EMG recommended

• 26%

- Example reasons
 - "Assess progression"
 - "If clinical deterioration"
 - For alternative test e.g. sfEMG

Comments

Variation in practice across UK

- Appointment length for EMG for ?MND
- EMG on anticoagulation

Appointment length

- What factors determine appointment length?
 - Number of muscles sampled? No.
 - Local protocols? No.
 - Published guidelines?
- Survey of UK practice?
 - Justification for appointment length for ?MND
- Do we need a national standard?

EMG on anticoagulation

- Review of evidence
 - E.g. Dodd et al.
- Survey of UK practice?
- Focus on NOACs?
- Rolling database?

REVIEW

Periprocedural antithrombotic management for lumbar puncture: Association of British Neurologists clinical guideline

Katherine Claire Dodd, 1,2 Hedley C A Emsley, 1,3 Michael J R Desborough, 4,5 Suresh K Chhetri 1,6

 Additional material is published online only. To view, please visit the journal online (http://dx.doi.org/10.1136/ practneurol-2017-001820).

¹Department of Neurology, Royal Preston Hospital, Lancashire Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust, Preston,

³Department of Neurology, Greater Manchester Neuroscience Centre, Saffond Greater Manchester UK

ABSTRACT

Lumber puncture (LP) is an important and frequently performed invasive procedure for the diagnosis and management of neurological conditions. There is little in the neurological literature on the topic of periprocedural management of antithrombotics in patients undergoing LP. Current practice is therefore largely extrapolated from guidelines produced by anaesthetic bodies on neurasial anaesthesia, hasmatology groups advising on periprocedural

questionnaire relating to these guidelines has been completed and is available as an inline supplementary appendix (Supplementary file 1).¹

CURRENT GUIDANCE

Current guidance on the periprocedural management of antithrombotics for spinal procedures has mainly come from anaesthetic groups regarding neuraxial anaesthesia. 2-4 The most recent guidelines

UK Practice for the Electrodiagnosis of MND

Results

Mark Baker Stephan Jaiser